§ 111.2

(d) The shares of competent Indians will be paid to them directly and the shares of incompetents and minors deposited for expenditure under the individual Indian money regulations.

CROSS REFERENCES: For regulations pertaining to the determination of heirs and approval of wills, see part 15 and §§11.30 through 11.32C of this chapter. For individual Indian money regulations, see part 115 of this chapter.

§111.2 Enrolling non-full-blood children.

Where an Indian woman was married to a white man prior to June 7, 1897, and was at the time of her marriage a recognized member of the tribe even though she left it after marriage and lived away from the reservation, the children of such a marriage should be enrolled-and, also in the case of an Indian woman married to a white man subsequent to the above date but who still maintains her affiliation with the tribe and she and her children are recognized members thereof; however, where an Indian woman by marriage with a white man after June 7, 1897, has, in effect, withdrawn from the tribe and is no longer identified with it, her children should not be enrolled. In case of doubt all the facts should be submitted to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Washington, D.C., for a decision.

§111.3 Payments by check.

All payments should be made by check. In making payments to competent Indians, each check should be drawn to the order of the enrollee and given or sent directly to him. Powers of attorney and orders given by an Indian to another person for his share in a payment will not be recognized. Superintendents will note in the "Remarks" column on the roll the date of birth of each new enrollee and the date of death of deceased annuitants.

§111.4 Election of shareholders.

An Indian holding equal rights in two or more tribes can share in payments to only one of them and will be required to elect with which tribe he wishes to be enrolled and to relinquish in writing his claims to payments to the other. In the case of a minor the

election will be made by the parent or guardian.

§111.5 Future payments.

Indians who have received or applied for their pro rata shares of an interest-bearing tribal fund under the act of March 2, 1907 (34 Stat. 1221; 25 U.S.C. 119, 121), as amended by the act of May 18, 1916 (39 Stat. 128), will not be permitted to participate in future payments made from the accumulated interest.

PART 112—REGULATIONS FOR PRO RATA SHARES OF TRIBAL FUNDS

Sec

112.1 Fee simple patentees.

- 112.2 Applicants who have received neither fee simple patents nor certificates of competency.
- 112.3 Applicants who are mentally or physically incapable of managing their affairs
- 112.4 Interest in pro rata shares not vested rights unless application approved.
- 112.5 Basis of distribution; pro rata shares.
- 112.6 Disposition of pro rata share in event of applicant's death.
- 112.7 Pro rata shares of minors.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 2, 34 Stat. 1221, as amended: 25 U.S.C. 121.

Cross Reference: For regulations pertaining to the determination of heirs and approval of wills, see part 15 and $\S 11.30$ through 11.32 of this chapter.

Source: 22 FR 10549, Dec. 24, 1957, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 47 FR 13327, Mar. 30, 1982.

§112.1 Fee simple patentees.

When the applicant has been granted a patent in fee or certificate of competency, that fact will be accepted as prima facie evidence of his competency, but in forwarding applications of this class the agent will give the date on which the patent was issued, report whether in his judgment the patentee has made proper use of his privileges and would make good use of his share of the tribal funds if paid to him, and make a specific recommendation for approval or disapproval of the application.